

PRO-450-E

Airless Sprayer

Owner's Manual

for professional use only



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Safety Precautions

This manual contains information that must be read and understood before using the equipment. When you come to an area that has one of the following symbols, pay particular attention and make certain to heed the safeguard.

AWARNING

This symbol indicates a potential hazard that may cause serious injury or loss of life. Important safety information will follow.

A CAUTION

This symbol indicates a potential hazard to you or to the equipment. Important information that tells how to prevent damage to the equipment or how to avoid causes of minor injuries will follow.

NOTE: Notes give important information which should be given special attention.

AWARNING

Airless units develop extremely high spraying pressures.





- Never put your fingers, hands or any other parts of the body into the spray jet.
- Never point the spray gun at yourself or anybody else.
- · Never use the spray gun without the safety guard.

Attention! Danger of injury by injection!

In case of injury to skin caused by coating materials or solvents consult a doctor immediately. Inform the doctor of the type of coating material or cleaning agent with which the injury was caused.

The operating instructions state that the following points must always be observed before starting up:

- 1. Faulty units should not be used.
- 2. Secure spray gun using the safety catch on the trigger.
- 3. Ensure that the unit is properly earthed.
- Check the permissible operating pressures.
- 5. Check all connections for leaks.

The instructions regarding regular cleaning and maintenance of the unit must be strictly observed. Before any work is done on the unit or for every break in work the following rules must be observed:

- 1. Release the pressure from the spray gun and hose.
- Secure the spray gun using the safety catch on the trigger.
- 3. Turn off the motor.

Be safety-conscious!

All local regulations in force must be observed. In order to ensure safe operation of the airless systems the safety regulations listed below must be followed:

- In order to avoid dangers, read the operating instructions carefully and follow the instructions laid down in them.
- 2. Do not use materials with a flash point below 21°C (70°F).
- The use of this unit is prohibited in workshops which are covered under the explosion prevention regulations.
- Never spray near sources of ignition; e.g. open flames, cigarettes — also cigars and pipes are sources of ignition — sparks, hot wires and hot surfaces, etc.
- 5. Attention! Danger of injury by injection! Never point the spray gun at yourself or anyone else. Never put your fingers or hands into the spray jet. The very high spraying pressures can cause very serious injuries. Never use the spray gun without the safety guard.





When installing and removing the tip and during breaks in work the spray gun must always be secured, so that it cannot be activated.

- Wear respiratory equipment when spraying. The operator must be provided with a protective mask.
 - In order to prevent work related illness, the manufacturer's regulations for the materials, solvents, and cleaning agents used must be observed when preparing, working with and cleaning the unit. Protective clothing, gloves and, in certain cases, protective skin cream are necessary to protect the skin.
- The spray gun and high pressure hose between the unit and spray gun must be of a sufficient standard for the pressure produced in the unit.
 - The permissible operating pressure for the high-pressure hose, the manufacturer and date of manufacture must be indicated by a permanent identification marking on the hose. Furthermore, it must be constructed so that the electrical resistance between the connections to the unit and the spray gun is equal to or less than one megohm.
- 8. Under certain conditions the flow speed can cause an electrostatic charge on the unit. This could cause sparks or flames on discharging. It is, therefore, important that the unit is always earthed over the electrical installation. The contact should be made using a shockproof socket earthed in accordance with the regulations.

Attention! Please observe the following when working inside and outside:

No solvent gasses should be carried to the unit. No solvent gasses should form near the unit. Set up the unit on the opposite side to the object being sprayed. When spraying outdoors, take the wind direction into account. When working indoors there must be sufficient ventilation to ensure that the solvent gasses are carried away. A minimum distance of 6.1m (20') must be observed between the unit and object being sprayed.

- Extraction equipment should be installed by the user in accordance with the local regulations.
- The objects being sprayed must be earthed.
- When cleaning the unit, solvent should never be sprayed into a container with only a small opening (bunghole). An explosive gas/air mixture is likely to form. The container must be earthed.
- Cleaning the unit.

A harsh jet should never be used to spray the unit. In particular a high-pressure cleaner or high-pressure steam cleaner should never be used. There is a danger that water will penetrate into the unit and cause a short-circuit.

 Pulling the trigger causes a recoil force to the hand that is holding the spray gun.

The recoil force of the spray gun is particularly powerful when the tip has been removed and a high pressure has been set on the airless high-pressure pump. Therefore, when cleaning without tip set the pressure control valve to the lowest pressure.

- The mains plug should always be disconnected from the socket when work is being carried out on the electrical components.
- 16. Work or repairs should only be carried out on electrical equipment by a trained electrician, even if the work is described in the operating instructions. No liability will be accepted for incorrectly installed electrics.
- Positioning when the ground is uneven.
 The front of the unit must point downward so that the machine does not slip away.

HAZARD: INJECTION INJURY - A high pressure stream of paint produced by this equipment can pierce the skin and underlying tissues, leading to serious injury and possible amputation.

DO NOT TREAT AN INJECTION INJURY AS A SIMPLE CUT! Injection can lead to amputation. See a physician immediately.

PREVENTION:

- The maximum operating range of the unit is 20.6 MPa (3000 PSI) fluid pressure.
- NEVER aim the gun at any part of the body.
- NEVER allow any part of the body to come in contact with the fluid stream. DO NOT come in contact with a fluid stream created by a leak in the fluid hose.
- NEVER put your hand in front of the gun. Gloves will not provide protection against an injection injury.
- ALWAYS lock the gun trigger, shut the fluid pump off and release all pressure before servicing, cleaning the tip guard, changing tips, or leaving unattended. Pressure will not be released by turning off the engine. The PRIME/SPRAY valve must be turned to PRIME to relieve the pressure. Refer to the PRESSURE RELIEF PROCEDURE described in this manual.
- The tip guard must always be in place while spraying. The tip guard provides some protection against injection injuries but is mainly a warning device.
- ALWAYS remove the spray tip before flushing or cleaning the system.
- The paint hose can develop leaks from wear, kinking and abuse. A leak is capable of injecting material into the skin. Inspect the paint hose before each use.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Injection into the skin is a traumatic injury. It is important to treat the injury surgically as soon as possible. DO NOT delay treatment to research toxicity. Toxicity is a concern with some coatings injected directly into the blood stream. Consultation with a plastic surgeon or reconstructive hand surgeon may be advisable.

HAZARD: EXPLOSION OR FIRE - Solvent and paint fumes can explode or ignite, causing property damage and/or severe injury.

PREVENTION:

- Fire extinguishing equipment must be present and in good working order.
- Use only conductive or earthed high pressure fluid hoses for airless applications. Be sure that the gun is earthed properly through hose connections.
- The pump must be connected to an earthed object. Use the green earthing wire to connect the pump to a water pipe, steel beam, or other electrically earthed surface.
- When flushing equipment use the lowest possible pressure.

HAZARD: EXPLOSION HAZARD DUE TO INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS- May cause property damage or severe injury.

PREVENTION:

- Do not use bleach.
- Do not use halogenated hydrocarbon solvents such as methylene chloride and 1,1,1 - trichloroethane. They are not compatible with aluminum and may cause an explosion. If you are unsure of a material's compatibility with aluminum, contact your coating's supplier.

HAZARD: GENERAL - May cause property damage or severe injury.

PREVENTION:

- This high pressure airless pump is designed to be used with manufacturer authorized parts only. When using this pump with parts that do not comply with the minimum specifications and safety devices of the pump manufacturer, the user assumes all risks and liabilities.
- Before each use, check all hoses for cuts, leaks, abrasion or bulging of cover, as well as damage or movement of couplings. If any of these conditions exist, replace the hose immediately. Never repair a paint hose. Replace it with another earthed hose.
- ALWAYS follow the material manufacturer's instructions for safe handling of paint and solvents.
- Clean up all material and solvent spills immediately.
- Wear ear protection. This unit can produce noise levels above 85 dB(A).
- · Wear protective eyewear.
- . Do not spray on windy days.

Earthing Instructions

This product must be earthed. In the event of an electrical short circuit, earthing reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current. This product is equipped with a cord having an earthing wire with an appropriate earthing plug. The plug must be plugged into an outlet that is properly installed and earthed in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

DANGER — Improper installation of the earthing plug can result in a risk of electric shock.

If repair or replacement of the cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the green earthing wire to either flat blade terminal. The wire with insulation having a green outer surface with or without yellow stripes is the earthing wire and must be connected to the earthing pin.

Check with a qualified electrician or serviceman if the earthing instructions are not completely understood, or if you are in doubt as to whether the product is properly earthed. Do not modify the plug provided. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

Specifications

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Liters per minute (LPM)	1.5 (0.40 GPM)
Maximum tip sizes	
Maximum pressure	20.6 MPa (3000 PSI)
Power, 230V unit	3/4 HP DC motor, 230V, 50/60 HZ, 4.5 AMP, 1035W
Power, 110V unit	3/4 HP DC motor, 110V, 50/60 HZ, 8.8 AMP, 1035W
Weight	15.4 kg (34 lbs.)
Maximum hose length	91.4 m (300')
Maximum power cord length	91.4 m (300')

General Description

This airless sprayer is a precision power tool used for spraying many types of materials. Read and follow this instruction manual carefully for proper operating instructions, maintenance, and safety information.



Operation

₩WARNING

This equipment produces a fluid stream at extremely high pressure. Read and understand the warnings in the Safety Precautions section at the front of this manual before operating this equipment.

Setup

Perform the following procedure before plugging in the power cord of an electric unit.

- Ensure that the suction set and the return hose are attached and secure.
- Using a wrench, attach a minimum of 15m (50') x 10mm (1/4") nylon airless spray hose to the unit. Tighten securely.
- Attach an airless spray gun to the spray hose. Using two wrenches (one on the gun and one on the hose), tighten securely.

NOTE: Do not attach the tip to the spray gun yet. Remove the tip if it is already attached.

AWARNING

Make sure all airless hoses and spray guns are electrically grounded and rated for at least 23 MPa (3300 PSI) fluid pressure.

- Make sure the pressure control knob is turned fully counterclockwise to its minimum setting.
- 5. Make sure the ON/OFF switch is in its OFF position.
- Fill the oil cup with 15g (one tablespoon) of piston seal lubricant (Piston Lube).

A CAUTION

Never operate unit for more than ten seconds without fluid. Operating this unit without fluid will cause unnecessary wear to the packings.

- 7. Make sure the electrical service is correct for the unit.
- Plug the power cord into a properly grounded outlet at least 7.6m (25') from the spray area.

A CAUTION

Always use a minimum 12 gauge, three-wire extension cord with a grounded plug. Never remove the third prong or use an adapter.

Preparing a New Sprayer

If this unit is new, it is shipped with test fluid in the fluid section to prevent corrosion during shipment and storage. This fluid must be thoroughly cleaned out of the system with mineral spirits before you begin spraying.

A CAUTION

Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

- Place the suction tube into a container of mineral spirits that has a flash point of 60°C (140°F) or above.
- Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.
- Turn the unit on by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
- Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the test fluid out through the return hose and into the waste container.
- Turn the unit off by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.

Preparing to Paint

Before painting, it is important to make sure that the fluid in the system is compatible with the paint that is going to be used.

NOTE: Incompatible fluids and paint may cause the valves to become stuck closed, which would require disassembly and cleaning of the sprayer's fluid section.

A CAUTION

Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

- Place the suction tube into a container of the appropriate solvent for the material being sprayed (refer to recommendations of the material manufacturer). An example of the appropriate solvent is water for latex paint.
- 2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.
- Turn the unit on by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.

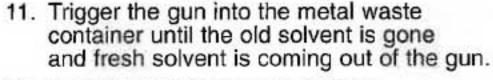
- Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the old solvent out through the return hose and into the metal waste container.
- Turn the unit off by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.

NOTE: Make sure that the spray gun does not have a tip or tip guard installed.

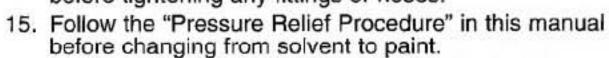
- 8. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to the SPRAY position.
- Turn the unit on. Make sure the pressure is still set to minimum with the pressure control knob turned fully counterclockwise.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.

AWARNING

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Set down the gun and increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise.
- Check the entire system for leaks.
 If leaks occur, follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" in this manual before tightening any fittings or hoses.



AWARNING

Be sure to follow the pressure relief procedure when shutting the unit down for any purpose, including servicing or adjusting any part of the spray system, changing or cleaning spray tips, or preparing for cleanup.

Painting

- Place the suction tube into a container of paint.
- 2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.
- Turn the unit on by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
- Allow the sprayer to run until paint is coming through the return hose into the metal waste container.
- Turn the unit off by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
- Remove the return hose from the waste container and place it in its operating position above the container of paint.
- 9. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to the SPRAY position.
- 10. Turn the unit on.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.

AWARNING

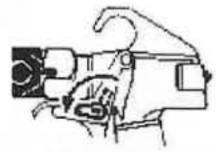
Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



Trigger lock

in locked position.

- Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until all air and solvent is flushed from the spray hose and paint is flowing freely, from the gun.
- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- 14. Turn the unit off.
- Attach tip guard and tip to the gun as instructed by the tip guard or tip manuals.



Trigger lock in locked position.

AWARNING

POSSIBLE INJECTION HAZARD. Do not spray without the tip guard in place. Never trigger the gun unless the tip is in either the spray or the unclog position. Always engage the gun trigger lock before removing, replacing or cleaning tip.

- 16. Turn the unit on.
- 17. Increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise and test the spray pattern on a piece of cardboard. Adjust the pressure control knob until the spray from the gun is completely atomized. Try to keep the pressure control knob at the lowest setting that maintains good atomization.

NOTE: Turning the pressure up higher then needed to atomize the paint will cause premature tip wear and additional overspray.

Pressure Relief Procedure

AWARNING

Be sure to follow the pressure relief procedure when shutting the unit down for any purpose, including servicing or adjusting any part of the spray system, changing or cleaning spray tips, or preparing for cleanup.

- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Turn the unit off by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.
- Hold the metal part of the gun firmly to the side of a metal container to ground the gun and avoid a build up of static electricity.
- Trigger the gun to remove any pressure that may still be in the hose.
- Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to the PRIME position.



Trigger lock in locked position.

Spraying

AWARNING

POSSIBLE INJECTION HAZARD. Do not spray without the tip guard in place. Never trigger the gun unless the tip is in either the spray or the unclog position. Always engage the gun trigger lock before removing, replacing, or cleaning tip.

Spraying Technique

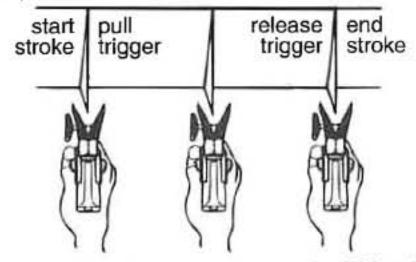
The following techniques, if followed, will assure professional painting results.

Hold the gun perpendicular to the surface and always at equal distance from the surface. Depending on the type of material, surface, or desired spray pattern, the gun should be held at a distance of 30 to 35 cm (12 to 14 inches).

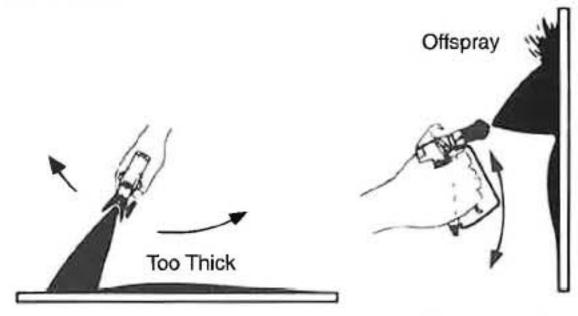
Move the gun either across or up and down the surface at a steady rate. Moving the gun at a consistent speed conserves material and provides even coverage. The correct spraying speed allows a full, wet coat of paint to be applied without runs or sags.

Holding the gun closer to the surface deposits more paint on the surface and produces a narrower spray pattern. Holding the gun farther from the surface produces a thinner coat and wider spray pattern. If runs, sags, or excessive paint occur, change to a spray tip with a smaller orifice. If there is an insufficient amount of paint on the surface or you desire to spray faster, a larger orifice tip should be selected.

Maintain uniform spray stroke action. Spray alternately from left to right and right to left. Begin movement of the gun before the trigger is pulled.

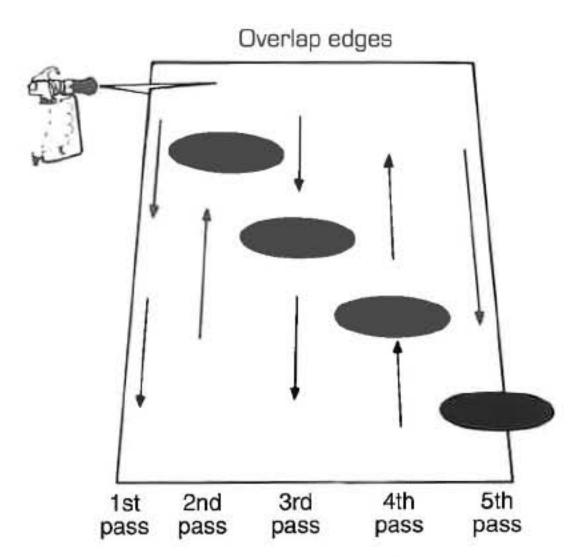


Avoid arcing or holding the gun at an angle. This will result in an uneven finish.

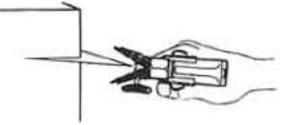


Arcing Gun at angle

Proper lapping (overlap of spray pattern) is essential to an even finish. Lap each stroke. If you are spraying horizontally, aim at the bottom edge of the preceding stroke, so as to lap the previous pattern by 50%.



For corners and edges, split the center of the spray pattern on the corner or edge and spray vertically so that both adjoining sections receive approximately even amounts of paint.



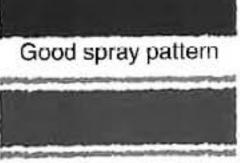
When spraying with a shield, hold it firmly against the surface. Angle the spray gun slightly away from the shield and toward the surface. This will prevent paint from being forced underneath.

Shrubs next to houses should be tied back and covered with a canvas cloth. The cloth should be removed as soon as possible. gun extensions are extremely helpful in these situations.

Nearby objects such as automobiles, outdoor furniture, etc. should be moved or covered whenever in the vicinity of a spray job. Be careful of any other surrounding objects that could be damaged by overspray.

Practice

- Be sure that the paint hose is free of kinks and clear of objects with sharp cutting edges.
- Turn the pressure control knob counterclockwise to its to its lowest setting.
- Turn the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to its SPRAY position.
- Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to its highest setting. The paint hose should stiffen as paint begins to flow through it.
- 5. Unlock the gun trigger lock.
- 6. Trigger the spray gun to bleed air out of the hose.
- When paint reaches the spray tip, spray a test area to check the spray pattern.
- 8. Use the lowest pressure setting necessary to get a good spray pattern. If the pressure is set too high, the spray pattern will be too light. If the pressure is set too low, tailing will appear or the paint will spatter out in gobs rather than in a fine spray.



Paint tailing pattern

Cleanup

AWARNING

Special cleanup instructions for use with flammable solvents:

- Always flush spray gun preferably outside and at least one hose length from spray pump.
- If collecting flushed solvents in a one gallon metal container, place it into an empty five gallon container, then flush solvents.
- · Area must be free of flammable vapors.
- · Follow all cleanup instructions.

A CAUTION

The sprayer, hose, and gun should be cleaned thoroughly after daily use. Failure to do so permits material to build up, seriously affecting the performance of the unit.

AWARNING

Always spray at minimum pressure with the gun nozzle tip removed when using mineral spirits or any other solvent to clean the sprayer, hose, or gun. Static electricity buildup may result in a fire or explosion in the presence of flammable vapors.

- Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" found in the Operation section of this manual.
- Remove the gun tip and tip guard and clean with a brush using the appropriate solvent.
- Place the suction tube into a container of the appropriate solvent (refer to recommendations of the material manufacturer). An example of the appropriate solvent is water for latex paint.
- 4. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
- Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve down to its PRIME position.
- Set the pressure to minimum by turning the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise.
- Turn on the unit by moving the ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
- Allow the solvent to circulate through the unit and flush the paint out of the return hose into the metal waste container.
- Turn off the unit by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
- 10. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve up to its SPRAY position.
- 11. Turn on the unit.

AWARNING

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.



- Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until the paint is flushed out of the hose and solvent is coming out of the gun.
- Continue to trigger the spray gun into the waste container until the solvent coming out of the gun is clean.

NOTE: For long-term or cold weather storage, pump mineral spirits through the entire system. For short-term storage when using latex paint, pump water mixed with Liquid Shield Plus through the entire system

- Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" found in the Operation section of this manual.
- 15. Unplug the unit and store in a clean, dry area.



Do not store the unit under pressure.

Cleaning the Spray Tip

- Flush the gun with solvent immediately after the work is completed.
- Oil the retractor pins to prevent them from seizing up.

Should the spray tip become clogged, reverse the spray tip with the lever and pull the trigger. Once the obstruction comes out of the spray tip, release the trigger, reverse the spray tip back to the spray pattern setting, and resume spraying.



AWARNING

Do not attempt to clean the tip with your finger.

Do not use a needle or other sharp pointed instrument to clean the tip. The hard tungsten carbide is brittle and can be chipped.

Maintenance

AWARNING

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

General Repair and Service Notes

The following tools are needed when repairing this sprayer:

Phillips Screwdriver
Needle Nose Pliers
Adjustable Wrench
Rubber Mallet
Flat-blade Screwdriver

3/8" Hex Wrench
5/16" Hex Wrench
3/16" Hex Wrench
5/32" Hex Wrench

 Before repairing any part of the sprayer, read the instructions carefully, including all warnings.



Never pull on a wire to disconnect it. Pulling on a wire could loosen the connector from the wire.

- Test your repair before regular operation of the sprayer to be sure that the problem is corrected. If the sprayer does not operate properly, review the repair procedure to determine if everything was done correctly. Refer to the Troubleshooting Charts to help identify other possible problems.
- Make certain that the service area is well ventilated in case solvents are used during cleaning. Always wear protective eyewear while servicing. Additional protective equipment may be required depending on the type of cleaning solvent. Always contact the supplier of solvents for recommendations.

Replacing the Motor

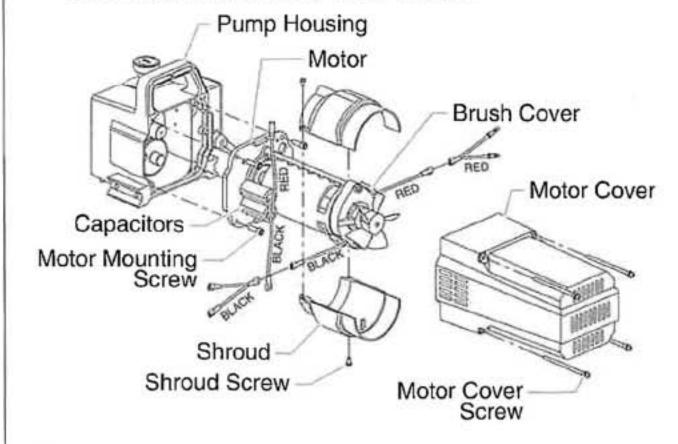
- 1. Unplug the unit.
- Loosen and remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
- Disconnect the black and red wires coming from the pump housing. Disconnect the black and red wires from the capacitors. Disconnect the black and red wires from the motor.
- 4. Remove the capacitors from their mounting clip.
- 5. Loosen and remove the four motor mounting screws.
- Pull the motor out of the pump housing.

NOTE: If the motor will not dislodge from the pump housing:

- Remove the front cover plate.
- Using a rubber mallet, carefully tap on the front of the motor crankshaft that extends through the connecting rod.
- With the motor removed, inspect the gears in the pump housing for damage or excessive wear. Replace the gears, if necessary.
- 8. Install the new motor into the pump housing.

NOTE: Rotate the motor fan manually until the armature gear engages with the mating gear in the pump housing.

- Secure the motor with the four motor mounting screws.
- Using the double-sided tape and the tie wrap that came with the new motor, attach the capacitors to the motor.
 - a. Place the double-side tape on the capacitors, and stick the capacitors onto the motor. The capacitors should be positioned in the same spot as they were on the old motor.
 - b. Wrap the tie wrap around the capacitors and the motor.
- Reconnect the wires (refer to the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
- Slide the motor cover over the motor. Secure the motor cover with the four motor cover screws.



Replacing the Motor Brushes

Perform this procedure using Motor Brush Kit P/N 704-276.

- Loosen and remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
- Loosen and remove the two shroud screws. Remove the shroud.
- Using a small screwdriver, pry off the two plastic brush covers.
- Disconnect the black and red wires from the motor brushes. Remove the motor brushes.
- Install the new motor brushes and snap on the plastic brush covers.
- Reconnect the black and red wires from the motor brushes (refer to the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
- Position the shroud over the motor fan. Secure the shroud with the two shroud screws.
- Slide the motor cover over the motor. Secure the motor cover with the four motor cover screws.

Replacing the Gears

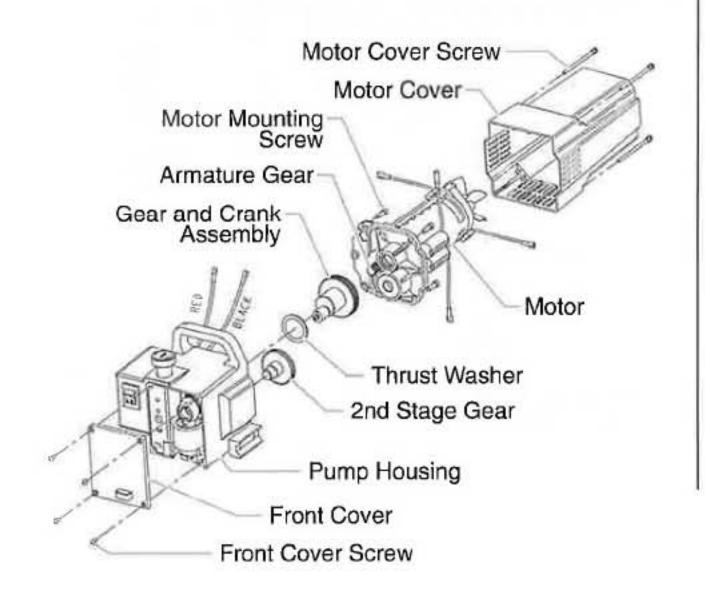
- Loosen and remove the four motor cover screws. Remove the motor cover.
- Disconnect the black and red wires coming from the pump housing.
- Loosen and remove the four motor mounting screws.
- 4. Pull the motor out of the pump housing.

NOTE: If the motor will not dislodge from the pump housing:

- · Remove the front cover plate.
- Using a rubber mallet, carefully tap on the front of the motor crankshaft that extends through the connecting rod.
- Inspect the armature gear on the end of the motor for damage or excessive wear. If this gear is completely worn out, replace the entire motor.
- Remove and inspect the 2nd stage gear for damage or excessive wear. Replace if necessary.
- Remove and inspect the gear and crank assembly for damage or excessive wear. Replace if necessary.

Reassemble the pump by reversing the above steps.
 During reassembly, make sure the thrust washers is in place.

NOTE: Refill the gear box with five ounces of Lubriplate (P/N 314-171).





- Loosen and remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
- Stop the sprayer at the bottom of its stroke so that the piston is in its lowest position. Turn off and unplug the sprayer.

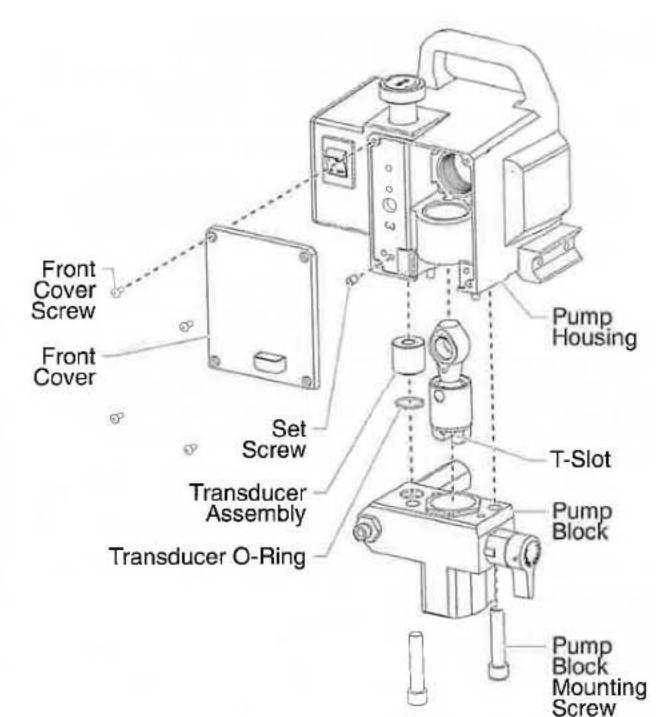


Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

- 3. Tilt the pump back for easy access to the fluid section.
- Using a 3/8" hex wrench, loosen and remove the two pump block mounting screws.
- Pull the pump block down approximately 1/2" from the pump housing to clear the transducer.
- Slide the pump block and piston rod forward until the piston rod is out of the T-slot on the connecting rod.
- Using an 1/8" hex wrench, loosen and remove the set screw from the bottom of the pump housing.
- Slide the transducer assembly out of the bottom of the pump housing.
- Remove the transducer o-ring from the old transducer assembly.
- Apply a thin film of grease to the transducer o-ring and place it into the bottom of the new transducer assembly.
- Install the new transducer assembly into the pump housing.
- Thread the set screw into the pump housing and tighten securely.
- Reassemble the pump by reversing steps 1–6.



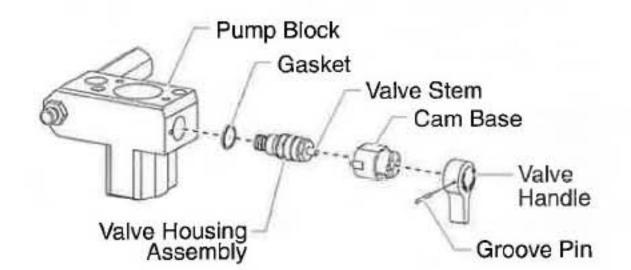
Make sure the transducer is aligned properly with the hole in the pump block during reassembly. Improper alignment may cause damage to the transducer o-ring.



Replacing the PRIME/SPRAY Valve

Perform the following procedure using PRIME/SPRAY valve replacement kit P/N 700-258.

- 1. Push the groove pin out of the valve handle.
- 2. Remove the valve handle and the cam base.
- Using a wrench, loosen and remove the valve housing assembly.
- Make sure the gasket is in place and thread the new valve housing assembly into the pump block. Tighten securely with wrench.
- Place the cam base over the valve housing assembly. Lubricate the cam base with grease and line up the cam with the pump block.
- Line up the hole on the valve stem with the hole in the valve handle.
- Insert the groove pin into the valve handle and through the valve stem to secure the valve handle in position.



Servicing the Fluid Section

Use the following procedures to service the valves and repack the fluid section. Perform the following steps before performing any maintenance on the fluid section.

- Loosen and remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
- Stop the sprayer at the bottom of its stroke so that the piston is in its lowest position. Turn off and unplug the sprayer.

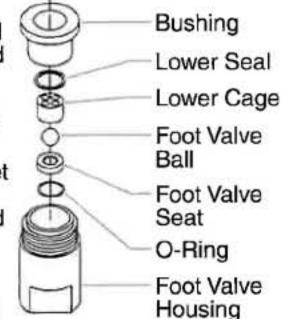
AWARNING

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock. Always unplug the sprayer before servicing!

- 3. Unscrew the return hose assembly from the pump block.
- Remove the retaining clip that holds the suction set in the foot valve. Pull the suction set out of the foot valve.
- 5. Tilt the pump back for easy access to the fluid section.

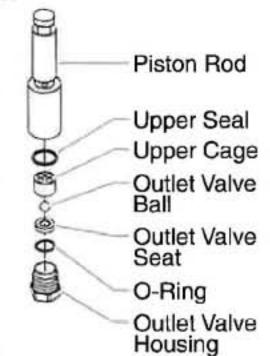
Servicing the Valves

The design of Titan's fluid section allows access to the foot valve and seat as well as the outlet valve and seat without completely disassembling the fluid section. It is possible that the valves may not seat properly because of debris stuck in the foot valve seat or outlet valve seat. Use the following instructions to clean the valves and reverse or replace the seats.



- Using a wrench, loosen and remove the foot valve housing from the pump block.
- Clean out any debris in the foot valve housing and examine the valve housing and seat. If the seat is damaged, reverse or replace the seat.
- Using a 3/4" socket wrench, loosen and remove the outlet valve housing from the piston rod.

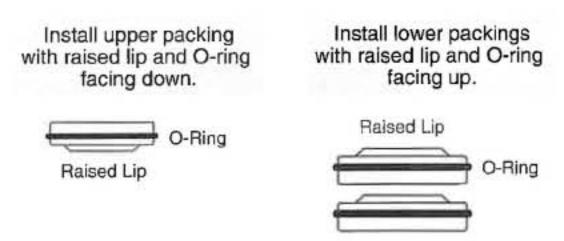
NOTE: Always service the outlet valve with the piston rod attached to the pump. This will prevent the piston rod from rotating during disassembly of the outlet valve.



- Clean out any debris and examine the valve housing and seat. If the seat is damaged, reverse or replace the seat.
- 5. Remove, clean, and inspect the upper cage and upper ball. Replace if they are worn or damaged.
- 6. Reassemble the valves by reversing the steps above.

Repacking the Fluid Section

- Remove the foot valve and outlet valve assemblies using the steps in the "Servicing the Valves" procedure above.
- Using 3/8" a hex wrench, loosen and remove the two pump block mounting screws.
- Pull the pump block down approximately 1.5 cm (1/2")" from the pump housing.
- Slide the pump block and piston rod forward until the piston rod is out of the T-slot on the connecting rod.
- Slide the piston rod out through the bottom of the pump block
- Connecting Rod Retainer T-Slot Nut Piston Guide Transducer O-ring Upper Packing Pump Block Pump Block Mounting Screw Lower Packings Piston Rod
- Loosen and remove the retainer nut and piston guide from the pump block.
- Remove the upper and lower packings from the pump block.
- Clean the pump block and install the new upper and lower packings. Refer to the illustration below for proper packing orientation.



- 9. Inspect the piston rod for wear and replace if necessary.
- Reassemble the outlet valve assembly into the piston rod.
 Tighten the outlet valve housing with a wrench until secure.

NOTE: Use the T-slot on the connecting rod to hold the piston rod in position while securing the outlet valve housing.



Never use a wrench on the piston itself. This could cause damage to the piston and cause leakage.

- Insert the piston guide into the retainer nut. Thread the retainer nut into the pump block until it is hand tight.
- 12. Slide the piston guide tool (included in the repacking kit) over the top of the piston rod and insert the piston rod through the bottom of the pump block. Using a rubber mallet, tap the bottom of the piston rod lightly until the piston rod is in position in the pump block.

NOTE: Coat the piston guide tool and the piston rod with grease before inserting them into the pump block.

- 13. Using a wrench, tighten the retainer nut securely.
- Slide the top of the piston rod into the T-slot on the connecting rod.

 Position the pump block underneath the pump housing and push up until it rests against the pump housing.



Make sure the transducer is aligned properly with the hole in the pump block during reassembly. Improper alignment may cause damage to the transducer o-ring.

- Thread the pump block mounting screws through the pump block and into the pump housing. Tighten securely.
- 17. Reassemble the foot valve assembly into the pump block.
- Insert the elbow on the suction set into the bottom of the foot valve. Position the retaining clip into the foot valve to secure the suction set assembly.
- Thread the return hose into the pump block and tighten securely.
- Place the front cover on the pump housing and secure in position using the four front cover screws.
- Turn on the sprayer by following the procedure in the "Operation" section of this manual and check for leaks.

NOTE: Repacking kit P/N 730-401 is available. For best results use all parts supplied in this kit.

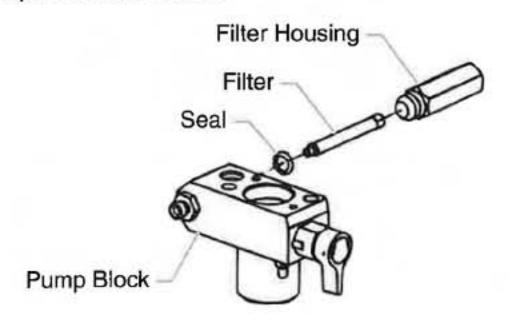
Replacing the Filters

Pump Filter

- 1. Loosen and remove the filter housing.
- 2. Turning clockwise, unscrew the filter from the pump block.

NOTE: Left-handed threads require turning the filter clockwise to remove. If the filter breaks off in the pump block, use a small wood screw to remove.

- Inspect the seal. Based on inspection, clean or replace the seal.
- Turning counterclockwise, thread the new or cleaned filter into the pump block.
- Slide the filter housing over the filter and thread it into the pump block until secure.

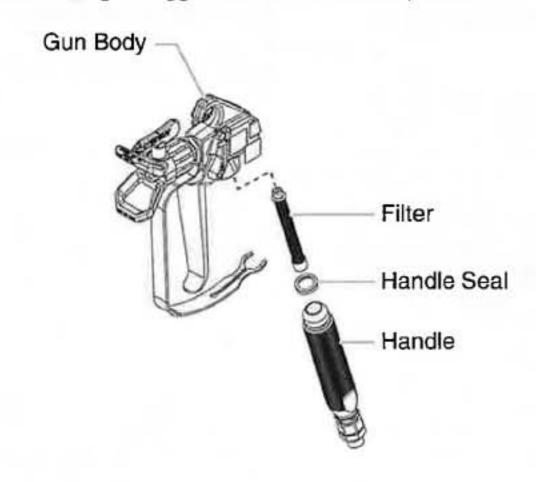


Gun Filter

- 1. Move the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.
- Loosen and remove the handle assembly from the gun head.
- Turning clockwise, unscrew the filter from the gun head.

NOTE: Left-handed threads require turning the filter clockwise to remove.

- Turning counterclockwise, screw the new or cleaned filter into the gun head.
- Make sure the handle seal is in position and thread the handle assembly into the gun head until secure.
- 6. Move the gun trigger lock to the locked position.



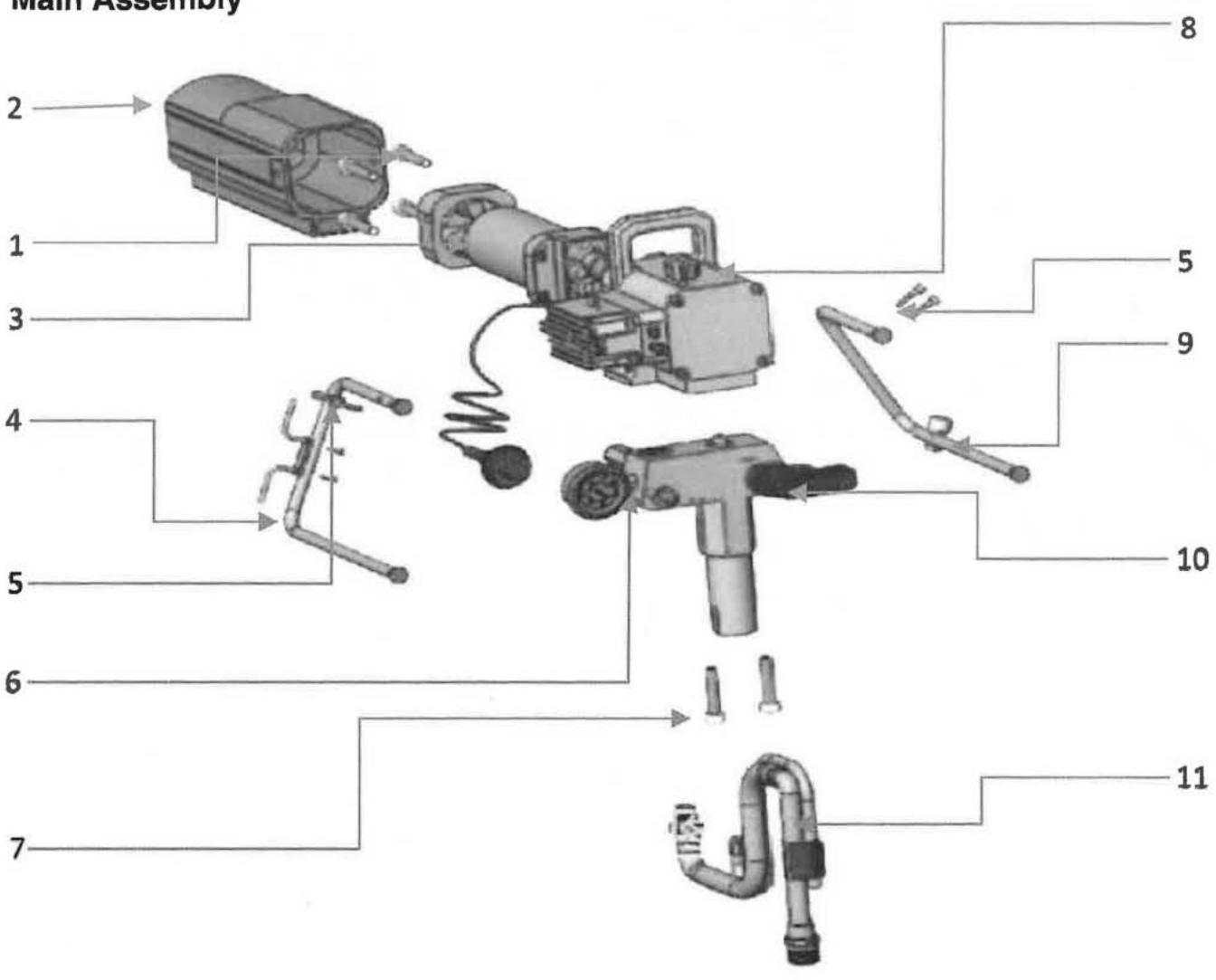
Troubleshooting

<u>Problem</u>	Cause	<u>Solution</u>
The unit will not run.	1. The unit is not plugged in.	 Plug the unit in.
	Tripped breaker.	Reset the breaker.
	The pressure is set too low (pre	
	control knob set at minimum set	20 도시 프로마
	does not supply power to unit).	pressure setting.
	Faulty or loose wiring.	 Inspect or take to a Titan authorized service
	5. Excessive motor temperature.	center. 5. Allow motor to cool.
	6. ON/OFF switch is defective.	6. Replace the ON/OFF switch.
The unit will not prime.	1. The PRIME/SPRAY valve is in t	(2.77)
	SPRAY position.	to the PRIME position.
	2. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction	on set. 2. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.
	The pump filter and/or inlet scre clogged.	그는 그는 그는 그들은 이 아이를 살아가면 살아가지 않는 것이 없었다. 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 되었다.
	4. The siphon tube/suction set is o	시
The unit will not build or	The spray tip is worn.	Replace the spray tip following the instructions that same with the spray gun.
maintain pressure.	2. The spray tip is too large.	instructions that came with the spray gun. 2. Replace the spray tip with a tip that has a
	2. The spray up is too large.	smaller orifice following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
	3. The pressure control knob is no	
	properly.	increase the pressure setting.
	4. The pump filter, gun filter, or inle	
	screen is clogged.	Remove the gun filter and clean. Remove the inlet screen and clean.
	Material flows from the return he when the PRIME/SPRAY valve SPRAY position.	DX 72
	6. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction	on set. 6. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.
	7. There is external fluid leak.	7. Check for external leaks at all connections.
	T. THOS IS SAISTING TOUR	Tighten connections, if necessary.
	8. There is an internal fluid section	그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 하는 사람이 얼마나 되었다. 그 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 다른 사람이 그렇게 되었다.
	(packings are worn and/or dirty,	valve section following the "Servicing the Fluid
	balls are worn).	Section" procedure in the Maintenance
	NEW STREET, ST	section of this manual.
	Worn valve seats	Reverse or replace the valve seats following the "Conting the Fluid Section"
		following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in the Maintenance section of
		this manual.
	10. Motor powers but fails to rotate	10. Take unit to a Titan authorized service
	To. Motor portoro bat fallo to fotato	center.
Fluid leakage at the upper end	1. The upper packings are worn.	Repack the pump following the "Servicing
of the fluid section.		the Fluid Section" procedure in the
	2. The piston rod is worn.	Maintenance section of this manual. 2. Replace the piston rod following the "Servicing the Fluid Section" procedure in

Troubleshooting

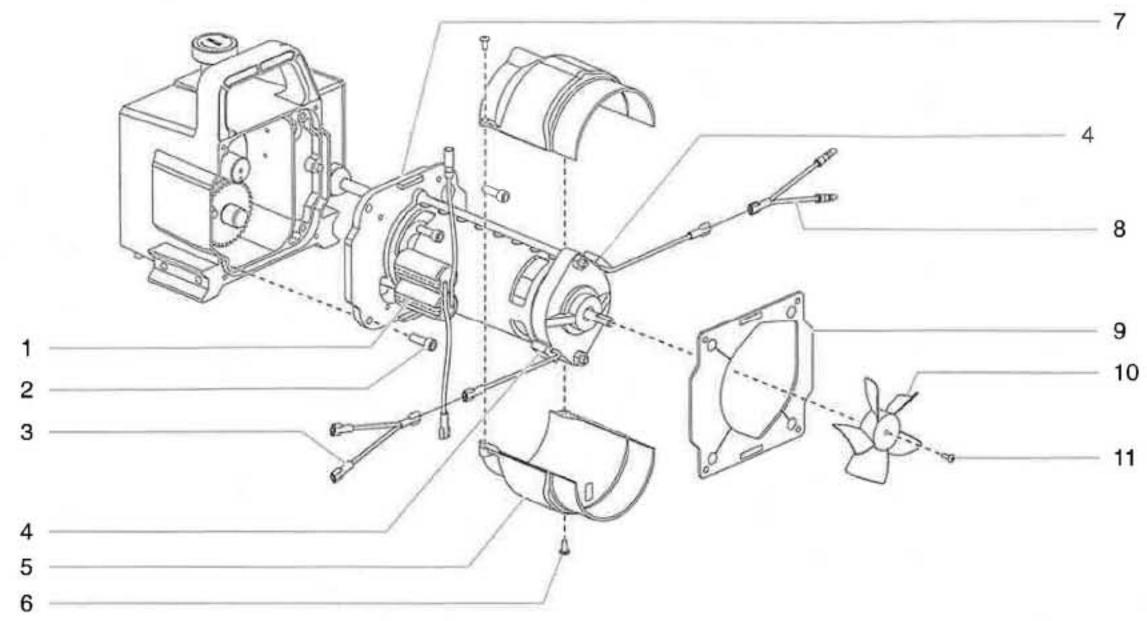
	110000.001100111	'9
Problem	Cause	Solution
Excessive surge at the spray gun.	 Wrong type of airless spray hose. 	 Replace hose with a minimum of 15m (50') x 10mm (1/4") grounded textile braid airless paint spray hose.
	The spray tip worn or too large.	Replace the spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
	3. Excessive pressure.	 Rotate the pressure control knob counterclockwise to decrease spray pressure.
Poor spray pattern.	The spray tip is too large for the material being used.	Replace the spray tip with a new or smaller spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.
	Incorrect pressure setting.	Rotate the pressure control knob to adjust the pressure for a proper spray pattern.
	Insufficient fluid delivery.	Clean all screens and filters.
	 The material being sprayed is too viscous. 	 Add solvent to the material according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
The unit lacks power.	The pressure adjustment is too low.	Rotate the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure setting.
	Improper voltage supply.	Connect the input voltage to the proper voltage for the unit.





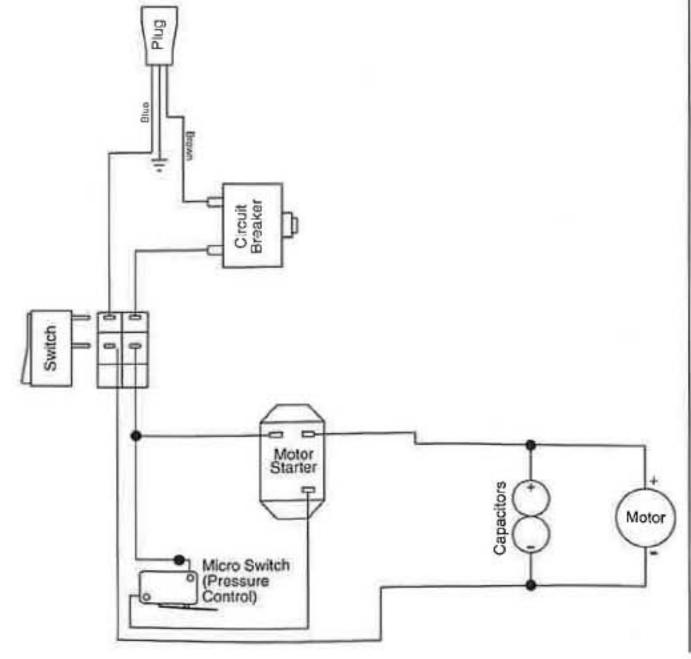
Item	Part #	Description Quantit	y Item	Part #	<u>Description</u> Quantity
1	704-181	Screw	4 7	704-117	Screw2
2	704-232	Motor cover			Gear box assembly1
3		Motor assembly	1 9	704-178	Right leg assembly1
4	704-179	Left leg assembly	1 10	700-258	PRIME/SPRAY valve assembly1
5	761-178	Screw	4 11	704-300	Suction set assembly1
6	704-185	Fluid section assembly	1		•

Motor Assembly

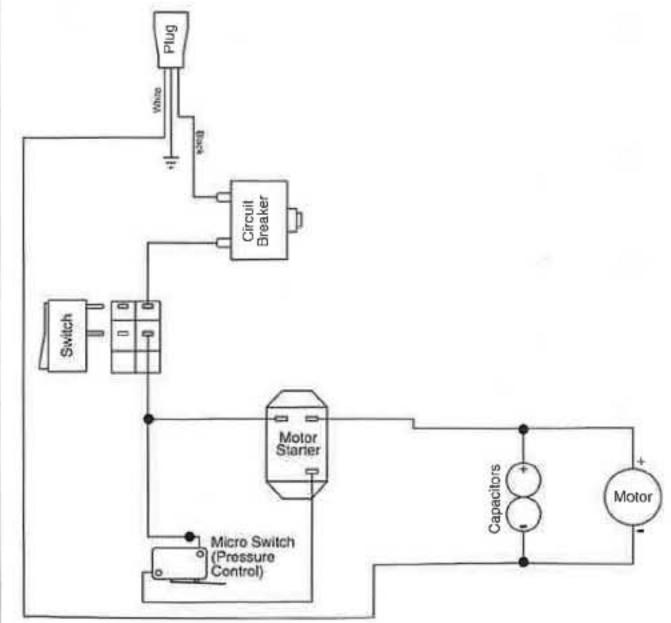


Item	Part #	Description Quantity	Item	Part #	<u>Description</u> <u>Quantity</u>
1	704-373	Capacitor/rectifier kit, 230V	7	704-371	Motor, 230V, complete
53	WENT - BENEZE	(includes item 22 on page 21)1			(includes items 1, 5, 6, 10, and 11)1
	704-363	Capacitor/rectifier kit, 110V		704-277	Motor, 110V, complete
		(includes item 22 on page 21)1			(includes items 1, 5, 6, 10, and 11)1
2	700-681	Screw4	8	704-258	Y adapter (positive, red)1
3	704-269	Y adapter (negative, black)1	9	704-331	Gasket1
4	704-276	Brush kit	10	704-250	Motor fan1
		(includes retainer caps)1	11	854-915	Screw1
5	704-285	Shroud2	12	770-099	Tie wrap (not shown)1
6			13	314-991	Tape (not shown)1
6	704-322	Shroud screw2	13	314-991	Tape (not shown)

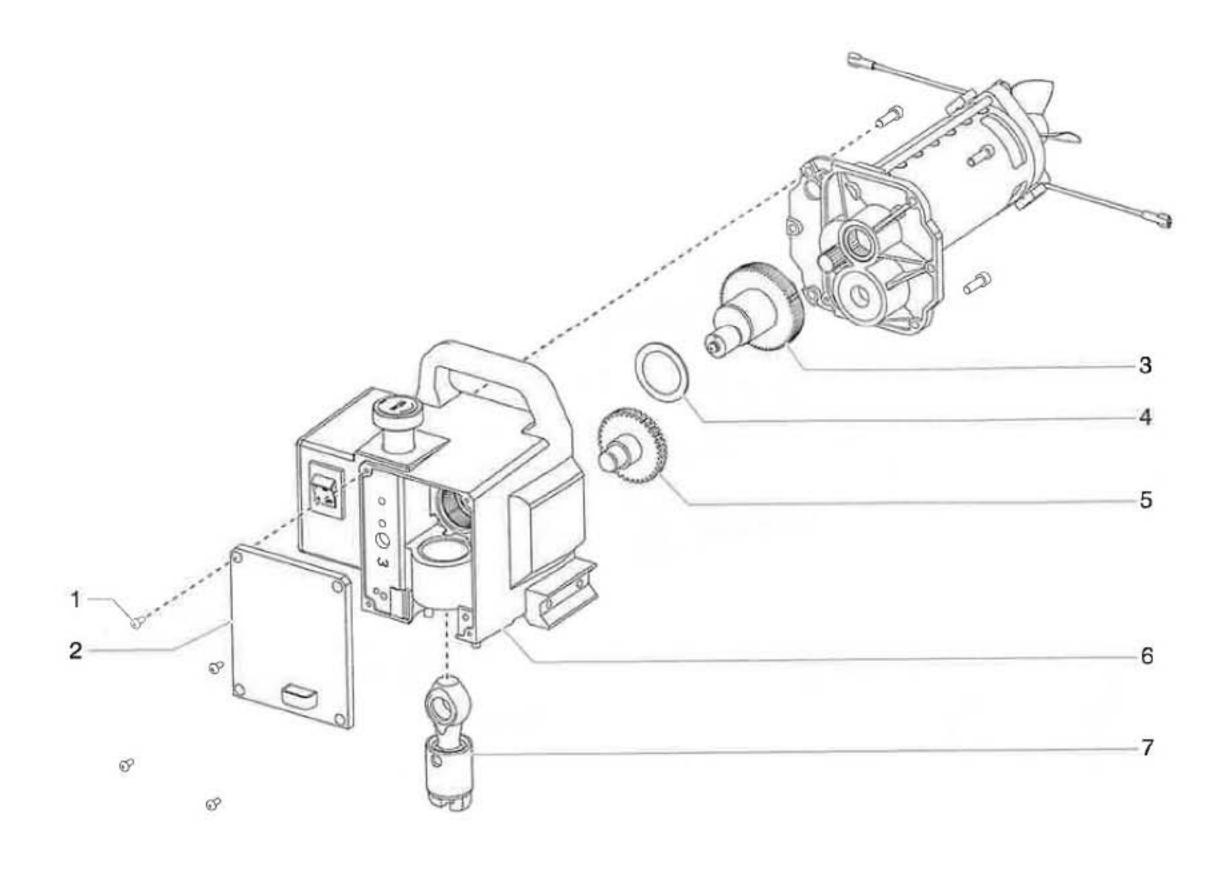
Electrical Schematic, 230V

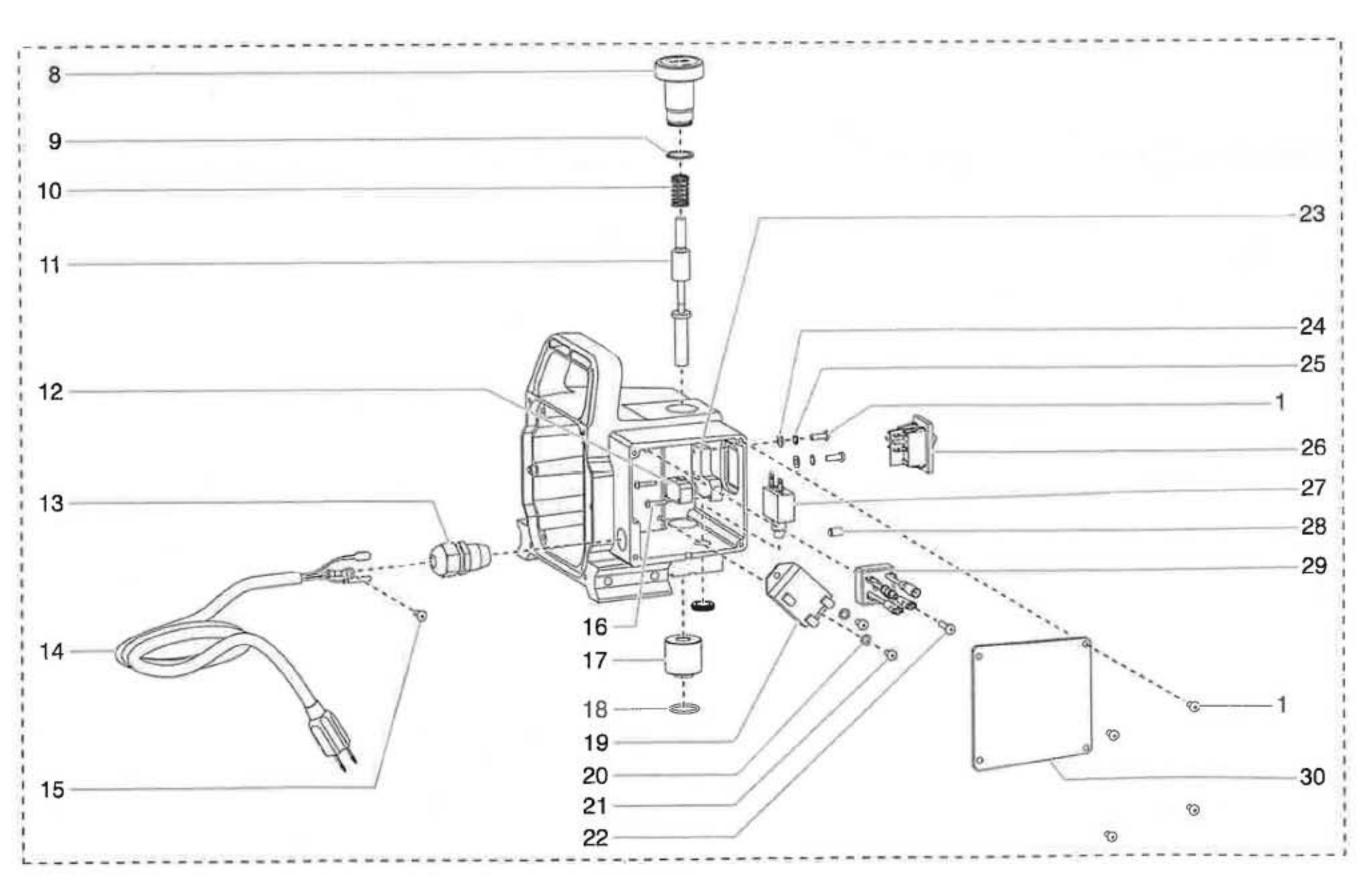


Electrical Schematic, 110V



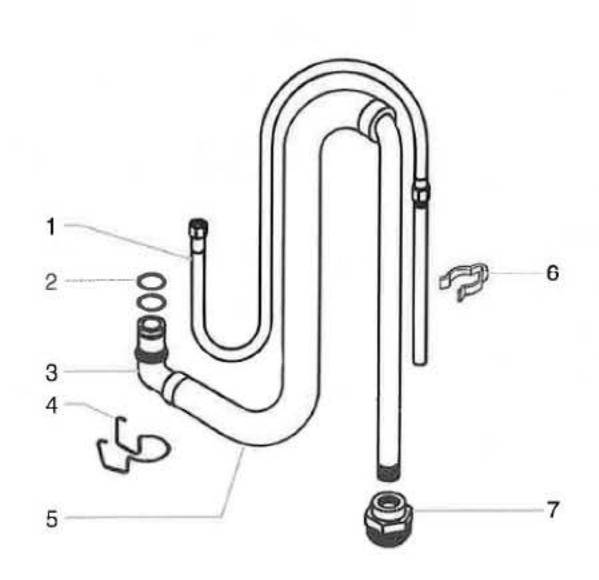
Gear Box Assembly





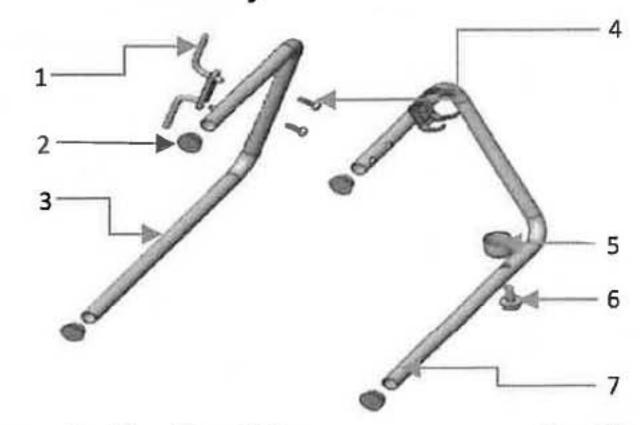
Item	Part #	Description Quantity	Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	700-139	Screw10	18	704-439	Transducer o-ring, PTFE	1
2	704-019	Front cover1	19	800-038	Motor starter, 230V	
3	704-173	Crankshaft/gear assembly1	177.4	800-044	Motor starter, 110V	1
4	704-174	Thrust washer1	20	704-126	Lock washer	
5	704-176	2nd stage gear1	21	730-260	Screw	2
6	704-406	Pump housing1	22	704-323	Screw	1
7	700-735	Connecting rod1	23	704-169	Microswitch mounting plate	1
8	704-102	Pressure control knob1	24	704-125	Washer	
9	704-124	Retainer ring1	25	700-785	Lock washer	2
10	704-123	Spring1	26	704-380	ON/OFF switch	
11	704-158	Plunger1	27	800-377	Circuit breaker, 230V	
12	704-128	Microswitch1		704-211	Circuit breaker, 110V	
13	765-063	Strain relief, 230V1	28	710-127	Set screw	1
14	704-500	Power cord, 230V1	29	704-373	Capacitor/rectifier kit, 230V	
	704-515	Power cord, 110V (includes item 13)1			(includes item 22)	1
15	704-229	Ground screw1		704-363	Capacitor/rectifier kit, 110V	
16	704-122	Screw2			(includes item 22)	1
17	704-408	Transducer assembly1	30	704-441	Electrical box cover	

Suction Set Assembly



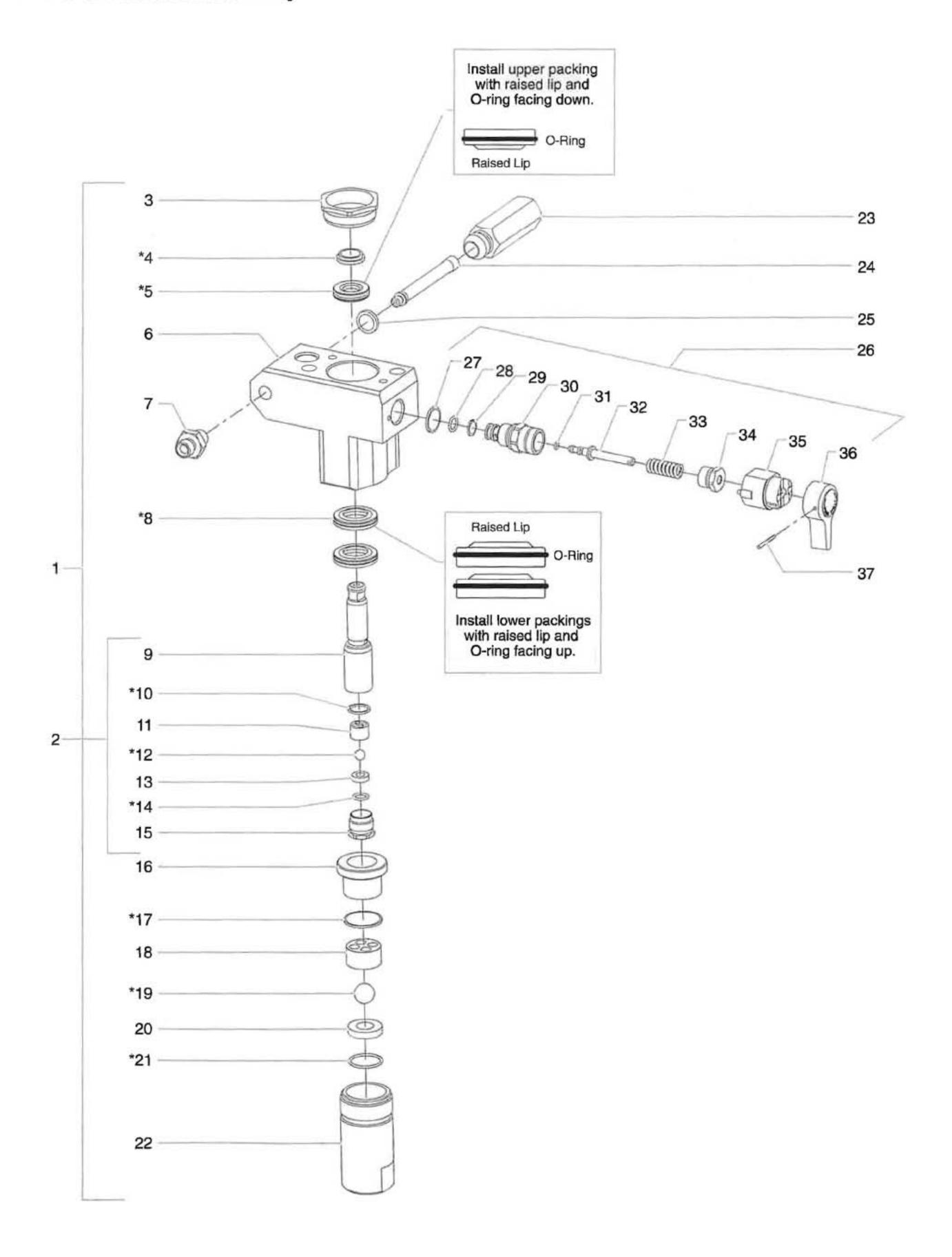
Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	704-263	Return tube assembly	1
2	704-121	O-ring	2
	704-109	O-ring (for hot solvents, optional)	
3	700-1024	Elbow	1
4	704-127	Retaining clip	
5	700-1023	Siphon hose	
		(includes items 2-4, and 7)	1
6	704-391	Člip	
7	700-805	Inlet screen	1

Stand Assembly



m	Part #	<u>Description</u> <u>Quantity</u>
1	700-761	Cord wrap1
2	710-199	Plug4
3	704-164	Leg, left1
4	700-642	Screw2
5	700-1043	Drip cup1
3	704-188	Screw1
7	704-156	Leg, right1
	704-179	Leg, left, complete
		(includes items 1, and 2-4)
	704-178	Leg, right, complete
		(includes items 2 and 5-7)

Fluid Section Assembly



Item	Part #	Description	Quantity Item	Part #	Description	Quantity
1	704-274	Fluid section, bare (excludes	items 23–37) .1 23	700-421	Filter housing	1
2	704-090	Piston assembly (includes it		500-200-03	Filter	
3	730-508	Retainer	/	560-038	Seal	
4	700-587	Piston guide		700-258	PRIME/SPRAY valve assembly	
5	700-072	Upper packing w/tool			(includes items 27—37)	1
6	704-180	Pump block		700-537	Gasket	1
7	227-006	Outlet fitting		221-012	O-Ring, Viton	1
8	700-601	Lower packing		222-012	O-Ring, PTFE	1
9	704-089	Piston rod		700-246	Valve housing	
10	762-111	Upper seal		700-721	O-Ring, Viton	1
11	762-135	Upper cage		700-897	O-Ring, PTFE (optional)	1
12	762-144	Outlet valve ball	1 32	700-250	Valve stem	
13	762-134	Outlet valve seat	2.) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	700-244	Spring	And the second s
14	762-057	O-ring		700-248	Valve retainer	
15	762-073	Outlet vavle retainer	1 35	700-252	Cam base	
16	704-289	Bushing		700-697	Valve handle	1
17	700-821	Lower seal	1 37	700-759	Groove pin	1
18	730-510	Lower cage		762-202	Packing tool (not shown)	1
19	762-145	Foot valve ball				
20	762-137	Foot valve seat	1			
21	762-058	O-ring				
22	704-054	Foot valve housing				

Accessories

Airless Tip Selection

Tips are selected by the orifice size and fan width. The proper selection is determined by the fan width required for a specific job and by the orifice size that will supply the desired amount of fluid and accomplish proper atomization.

For light viscosity fluids, smaller orifice tips generally are desired. For heavier viscosity materials, larger orifice tips are preferred. Please refer to the chart below.

NOTE: Do not exceed the sprayer's recommended tip size.

The following chart indicates the most common sizes and the appropriate materials to be sprayed.

Tip Size	Spray Material	Filter Type
.011 – .013	Lacquers and stains	100 mesh filter
.015 – .019	Oil and latex	60 mesh filter
.021 – .026	Heavy bodied latex and blockfillers	30 mesh filter

Fan widths measuring 8" to 12" (20 to 30 cm) are preferred because they offer more control while spraying and are less likely to plug.

Liquid Shield Plus

Cleans and protects spray systems against rust, corrosion and premature wear. Now with -25° anti-freeze protection.

Piston Lube

Specially formulated to prevent materials from adhering to the piston rod, which becomes abrasive to the upper seals. Piston Lube will break down any material that may accumulate in the oil cup and keep it from drying.







Safety instructions for airless spray guns

1. Danger of injury through the spray jet.

Never direct the spray gun towards yourself, or any other persons or animals.

The spray jet should never be allowed to come into contact with any part of your body (see Note a).

The very high spray pressures which occur with airless spray guns can cause very serious injuries. Coating materials can be injected into the skin when it comes into contact with the spray jet. In case of any skin injury by coatings or solvents, consult a doctor immediately for rapid, expert treatment. Inform your doctor of the coating or solvent which you have used.



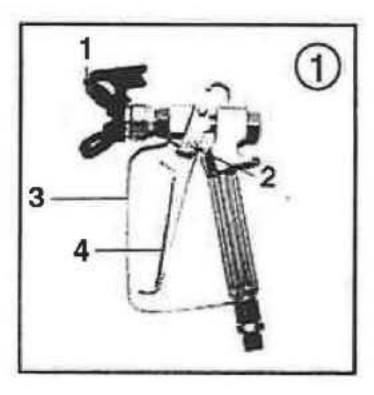


- Never use higher operating pressures than those indicated on the spray gun (see Note b).
- Recoil of spray gun.
 In case of high operating pressure, pulling the trigger can effect a recoil force of up to 15 N.



- 4. When you temporarily stop work, always lock the spray gun using the safety catch (2, Fig. 1). If the spray gun is locked, the safety catch is positioned towards the rear (direction of gun housing).
 - If the spray gun is unlocked, the safety catch points vertically downwards.
- If the spray equipment is left unsupervised for longer periods, or if work needs to done on the spray equipment, then relieve the operating pressure must be relieved.
- Do not use spray guns when:
 - the safety catch (2, Fig. 1) is damaged or loose
 - the trigger guard (3) is missing or loose
 - the spray jet touch guard (1) is missing or damaged
 - if spraying continues when the trigger
 (4) is released
 - the spray gun leaks, in which case always contact your service point.

- Spray jet touch guard
- 2. Safety catch
- 3. Trigger guard
- 4. Trigger



Note a

Spray jet touch guard

A missing or damaged spray jet touch guard can cause serious injuries through the injection of coatings into the skin.

Note b

Connecting spray gun to the airless high-pressure pump components

It must be ensured that the airless high-pressure pump is compatible with the max. operating pressure of the spray gun. It is also necessary for all specifications to agree in the case of the connecting threads, high-pressure hoses and the components through which the coating medium flows.

2. Proper use of spray gun PRO-700D

The spray gun is intended for the pressurized atomization (airless process) of liquid coating materials.

3. Description of unit

A high-pressure pump sucks up the coating material and feeds it to the tip in the spray gun under pressure. The coating material is atomized due to the high pressure forcing it through the tip.

The spray gun corresponds with Ex II 2G X and is, in accordance with Directive 94/9/EEC (Atex 100a), suitable for use in explosion-hazardous areas of type Zone 1. Under certain circumstances, the unit itself may cause the Zone 1 condition to be in effect.



X marking: Any static-electricity discharge from the spray gun is to be diverted to the grounded high-pressure pump via the conductive high-pressure hose as stipulated.

To avoid the generation of machine sparks, prevent impact stresses and any work on the unit with tools in the explosion-hazardous area.

4. Specifications

NA 500D Q-90 Max. operating overpressure 270 bar (27 MPa) Medium inlet thread M16 x 1.5 or **NPSM 1/4** 11/16 - 16 UN/2A Material outlet thread Material of the material-High-grade steel, carrying components Teflon, Hard metal Permissible ambient +5° C to +40° C temperature: Max. temperature of the coating material 43° C Max. sound pressure level 81 dB (A)* 600 g Weight

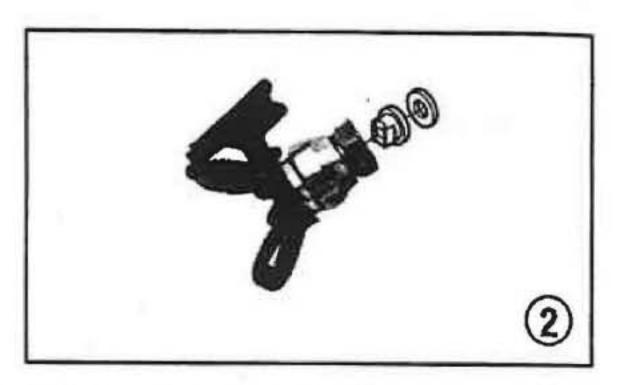
*Measuring location: 0.5 m away from the coating surface, 0.5 m behind the spray gun, spray pressure 120 bar, tip size 53mm / 021.

Connecting the airless spray gun to the airless highpressure pump

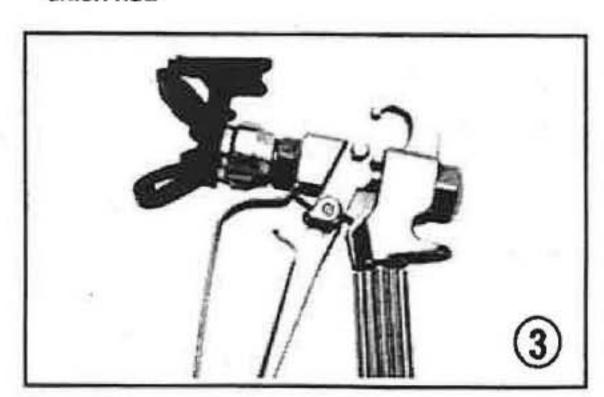
- Make sure that the airless high-pressure pump is pressure-relieved and switched off.
- Lock the airless spray gun position safety catch (2, Fig. 1) to the rear (direction of gun housing).
- Connect airless spray gun to high pressure hose and to the airless high-pressure pump.
- Fit a standard tip, see next section. Fit other nozzles (e.g. adjustable) only in accordance with nozzle manufacturer's instructions.

Fitting and adjustment of standard tips

- Insert standard tip with the spanner surfaces parallel to the wings of the touch guard in the union nut.
- Insert sealing washer into the union nut.



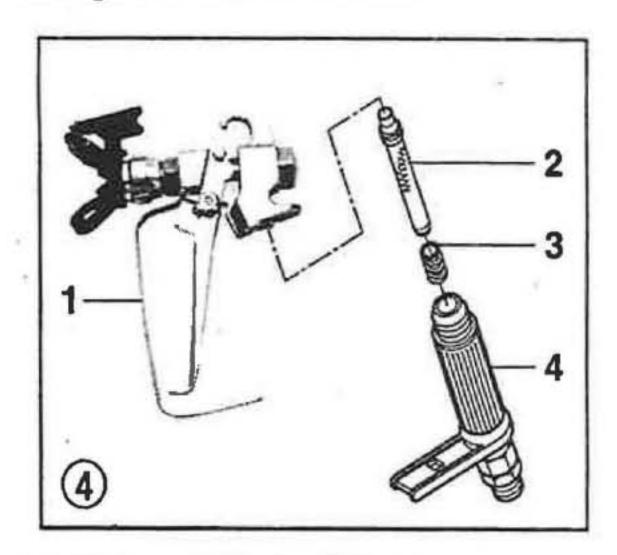
- Screw union nut onto the airless spray gun, but do not tighten it yet.
- Turn spray jet touch guard for spraying on the horizontal or vertical plane as required. Tighten union nut.





7. Filter insert

Pull trigger guard (1) firmly forward. Screw off handle (4). Insert a suitable filter insert (2) with the longer taper into the gun housing, The compression spring (3) is housed in the handle where it is safe against loss. Screw on handle.



Filter insert Order no.	Application	Filter type	Mesh no.	Mesh size mm	Color of filter
0034 383* 0097 022**	Stains, glosses, clear coats, synthetic resin paints	super fine	180	0,084	red
0043 235° 0097 023**	Undercoats, base coats, fillers, marking paints, primers	fine	100	0,140	yellow
0034 377* 0097 024**	Emulsions, latex paints, acrylic paints	me- dium	50	0,315	white
0089 323° 0097 025**	Filling paints, large-surface coatings	coarse	30	0,560	green

*1, ** 10

8. Putting into operation

Put airless high-pressure pump into operation according to manufacturers instructions. Set required operating pressure. Unlock the safety catch on the airless spray gun and pull the trigger.

To stop spraying, release the trigger.

9. Interrupting work

Important

The airless spray gun must always be made "safe" with the safety catch if you temporarily stop work.

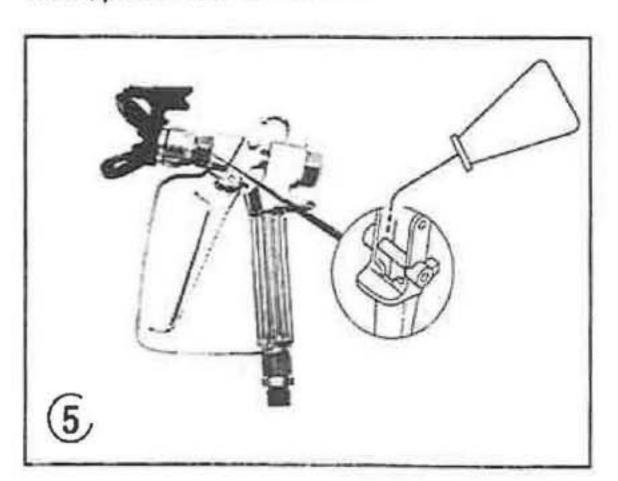
If the spray equipment is left unsupervised over longer periods, or if work needs to be done on the spray equipment, then the operating pressure must be relieved.

10. Cleaning

After stopping work for the day, relieve the operating pressure. Unscrew spray jet touch guard along with the tip. Flush airless high-pressure pump, medium hose and airless spray gun with a suitable cleaning agent at low operating pressure.

Clean tip thoroughly with a suitable cleaning agent, so that no coating medium residue remains.

Clean the outside of the airless spray gun thoroughly. Lubricate safety catch and trigger with silicon-free oil from time to time. To clean the filter insert, please refer to Maintenance.





11. Maintenance Insert filter in the airless spray gun

Taking filter off (see Fig. 4)

Pull trigger guard firmly forward.

Screw handle out of gun housing.

Pull out insert filter.

If the insert filter is blocked or defective, replace it.

Re-assembly (see Fig. 4)

Fit insert filter with the longer taper into gun housing.

Screw handle into gun housing and tighten it. Lock in trigger guard.

Blocked tip Standard tip

If a different nozzle type has been fitted, then clean it according to manufacturer's instructions.

Lock airless spray gun and dismount the tip.

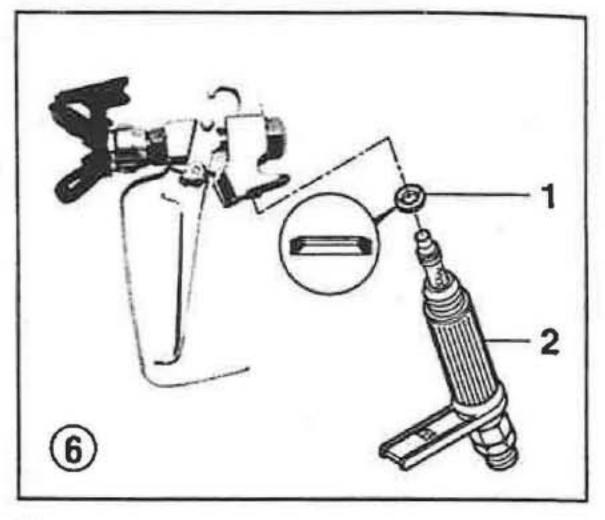
Place tip in an appropriate cleaning agent until all coating material residue is dissolved.

Push coating medium residue out through the back using a toothpick. If compressed air is available, blow it through the tip from the outlet side. Refit tip.

Handle sealing washer

If coating medium leaks out between handle and gun housing, then replace handle seal washer (1).

Unscrew handle (2), remove handle seal washer. Clean gun housing thoroughly. Insert a new handle sealing washer with the flat side into the gun housing. Clean handle and refit it.



Note

Do not continue to use a defective Airless spray gun.

Maintenance work should only be carried out by suitably qualified, authorized personnel.



12. Spare parts list airless spray gun NA 500D Q - 90

Item Part no.	Description
1	Intermediate piece
2	Trigger guard
3	Trigger assbly
4	Vale unit
2 3 4 5	Cap nut & Pin
	Hexagon nut
7	Housing
6 7 8	Handle sealing was
9	Insert filter
10	Handle

13. Important information about product liability

In accordance with an EC Regulation which came into force on 01.01.90, a manufacturer may only be held liable for his product if all of the components are manufactured or approved by him, and if the equipment has been assembled properly and used for the purpose for which it was intended.

The manufacturer's liability may be rendered partially or completely invalid if the unit is used with spare parts or accessories from other manufacturers; in extreme cases, the competent authorities (trade association or trade supervisory body) may ban the use of the whole equipment.

If you use only original spare parts and accessories, you can be sure that all safety requirements are fulfilled.

Airless Pressure System

INDICATOR BOARD
Use this board to use the right tip and the right filter for the right job

TEK PART NUMBER PRO-500D-2B CODE PRO-TEK CODE PRO-TEK CODE PRO-TEK CODE PRO-TEK CODE PRO-TEK CODITIIN COUNTRY CELL WBOUT COUNTRY CENTRY CELL WBOUT COUNTRY CELL WBOUT COUNTRY CELL WBOUT COUNTRY CELL WBOUT CELL	ì	************	****************	*****************								
CRANDEUR DE L'EMBOUT 0.029mm 1	CODE	UMBER	PRO-500D-1B	-2009-	PRO-500D-3B	PRO-500D-4B	PRO-500D-5B	PRO-500D-6B	PRO-500D-7B	PRO-500D-8B	PRO-500D-9B	PRO-500D-10B
Super Fine / Extra fine Stains / Teinture Super Fine / Extra fine Stains / Teinture Super Fine / Extra fine Stains / Teinture (RED) Gloss / Fini lustré Clear Coats Couche de paret Synt Resine Paint Mash Filter / Maille du filtre Lacquers / Laque Lacquers / Laquers / Laque Lacquers / Laquers	TIP SIZE	EMBOUT	0.011" 0.028mm		0.013" 0.033mm	0.013" 0.033mm	0.015" 0.038mm	0.015" 0.038mm	0.017" 0.043mm	0.017" 0.043mm	0.019" 0.048mm	0.021" 0.053mm
Super Fine / Extra fine Gloss / Fini lustré	FAN WIDTE LARGEUR DU PA	TRON	8 -10" 152-203mm	8 -10" 3-254mm	6 - 8" 152-203mm	8 - 10" 203-254mm	8 - 10" 203-254mm	10 - 12" 254-305mm	8 -10" 203-254mm	10 -12" 254-305mm	12 -14" 305-356mm	14 -15" 356 - 375mm
Mesh Filter / Maille du filtre (YELLOW) Fine (YELLOW) Mesh Filter / Maille du filtre Modium / Médium (WHITE) Coarse / Gross (GREEN) Gloss / Fini lustré Clear Coats Couche d'apprêt Synt. Resine Paint Lacquers / Laque Emanel / Email Medium / Médium (WHITE) Clear Coats Clear Clear Clear Coats Clear	tains / Teinture		•	•	•	٠						
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